**MIDTERM Study Guide**

**ANSWER ON A SEPARATE PIECE OF NOTEBOOK PAPER!**

**\*Many things in the book will not be on the test – class notes are the BEST study tool**

Governments (Prologue Section 3 – Section 4 of Book [Pages 18 – 27] and Day 6 – 7 of PPT Online Class Notes and Notebook Pages 14 – 21 + 29 + 31 – 33:

* What was the Magna Carta?
* What was the English Bill of Rights?
* What are these types of government:
	+ Aristocracy
	+ Republic
	+ Absolute Monarchy
		- What is Divine Right of Kings
	+ Direct Democracy
	+ Constitutional Monarchy

Philosophers (Prologue Section 3 – Section 4 of Book [Pages 18 – 27] and Day 8 – 10 of PPT Online Class Notes and Notebook Pages 20 – 27:

* Who wrote the Social Contract?
	+ What is the Social Contract?
* Who wrote about natural rights?
	+ What were the 3 major natural rights he wrote about?
* Who wrote about Separation of Powers during the Enlightenment?
	+ What did Separation of Powers do?
* Which Ancient Greek philosopher believed in “philosopher kings”?
	+ What was a philosopher king and what was their benefit?

The French Revolution (Chapter 7.1 – 7.2 of Book [Pages 217 – 228] and Day 14 – Day 18 of PPT Online Class Notes and Notebook Pages 34 – 40):

* How did the idea of Social Contract impact the French Revolution?
* How did ideas of natural rights impact the French Revolution?
* How did the idea of Separation of Powers impact the French Revolution?
* How might the American and French Revolution have inspired revolutions around the world?
* Which estate in France had to pay the most taxes?
* How did the voting of the 3 Estates work at the Meeting of the Estates General?
* With some inspiration from Abbe Sieyes, what did the National Assembly do?
* What was the first violent act of the French revolution?
* What was the March on Versailles?
* How did the United States Declaration of Independence and the French Declaration of the Rights of Man focused on governments protecting the rights of the people?
	+ Give 5 examples
* What did the violence of the French Revolution aim to accomplish?
* Were people’s rights protected against the government after the French Revolution?
* Which group was taxed more fairly after the revolution?
* Did the French Revolution abolish the Monarchy?
* Were all women and men equal after the revolution?

Napoleonic Era (Chapter 7.3 – 7.5 of Book [Pages 229 – 238] and Day 20 – Day 22 of PPT Online Class Notes and no Notebook Pages 41 – 44):

* Give three reasons Napoleon was able to rise to power in France.
* Define coup d’etat.
* What did the Napoleonic Code do?
* How did the Napoleonic Code treat the role of women?
* What did the Continental System do?
	+ Why did Napoleon lose support from some of his allies by establishing the Continental System?
* How did the Peninsular War with Spain contribute to Napoleons downfall?
* Why did invading Russia weaken Napoleon’s power?
* What was the significance of the Battle of Waterloo to Napoleon?
* What was the Congress of Vienna?
	+ What did the Congress of Vienna do?

Industrial Revolution (Chapter 9.1 – 9.2 of Book [Pages 283 – 294] and 9.4 [Page 300 – 305] and Day 26 – Day 33 of PPT Online Class Notes and Notebook Pages 47 – 55):

* What was subsistence farming?
* What was the enclosure system?
* What was scientific farming?
* Why did urbanization occur?
* Why did the Industrial Revolution begin in Great Britain?
	+ Give 4 reasons.
* What was the first major industry to industrialize?
* What were two major resources needed for industries? These resources helped produce energy in the form of steam and make a strong building material through the Bessemer Process.
* What was the importance of railroads?
* What is laissez-faire capitalism?
* What was socialism in the mid-1800s? (note: it has changed today)
* What is Social Darwinism?

Imperialism (Chapter 11.1 -11.2 [Pages 339 – 350) and Day 37 – Day 41 of PPT Online Class Notes and Notebook Pages 56 – 60)

* How does Industrialization lead to Imperialism?
* What were the 5 motives that lead to European Imperialism during the late 1800s?
* What was the “White Man’s Burden?”
	+ How did Europeans carry it out?
* What areas of the world were taken over and by whom?
* How was Imperialism in China different than in Africa?
* What were the Opium Wars?
* Describe imperialism in India and the role of Gandhi.